

# SCIENCE DEPARTMENT

### SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

2012 -2013



#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Grades 7 and 8 scope and sequence are adapted from the Reform of Secondary Education (R.O.S.E.) National Curriculum Guide.

It is geared specifically to meet the needs of our students while preparing them for the CSEC syllabus which begins in Grade 9.

Scientific skills and attitude are developed and emphasized as these are applicable to everyday situations, and will also help the students in all other subject area.

# INTEGRATED SCIENCE

### **GRADE 7**



THEME 1:-EXPLORING THE ENVIRONMENT UNIT 1 INTRODUCTION TO SCIENCE		
<b>1.1</b> Science in Everyday Life	<ol> <li>Identify how science is involved in given situations at home, school, and community.</li> </ol>	1
	<ol> <li>Give examples of how science and technology are related in everyday life.</li> </ol>	1
	3. Explain their understanding of science, technology, how science and technology are related.	1
	4. Make inferences about the nature of science.	1
	1. Introduction to drawing skills and Laboratory Equipment	2
<b>1.2</b> Working Like a	2. Describe the work of a named Jamaican scientist.	1
Scientist	3. Identify the stages in the scientific investigation	1
JUCIUSI	4. Carry out a given activity in a safe, clean, tidy and systematic way	2
	5. Write a report of a lab investigation	2
<b>1.3</b> Safety Precautions In Exploring the Environment	1. Identify specific situations in the home and classroom which may be potentially dangerous.	1/2
	<ol> <li>Describe ways in which potentially dangerous situations may be corrected.</li> </ol>	1

	3. Formulate at least five safety rules for working conditions at home, community and school.	1
	<ol> <li>Suggest consequences that may result from not following such rules.</li> </ol>	1/2
	1. Name and locate the sense organs in humans and other animals.	1/2
<b>1.4</b> Using Our Senses To Explore The	2. Describe ways in which the sense organs help the animal to be aware of its environment	1
Environment	3. Perform investigations on the sense organs in which at least one sense organ is suppressed.	1
	1. List quantities that are measured and their associated units	1
<b>1.5</b> Using Instruments and Equipment to	2. Name some instruments that are used to extend the range of the senses, for measuring, magnifying amplifying, and detecting object.	1/2
Extend The Use Of The	3. Conduct experiments to explore the limitations of the senses.	1/2
Senses	4. Use scientific instruments to measure length, volume, mass and time.	7
	5. Use magnify/ amplifying and detecting instrument.	1
<u>NOTES:</u>		

THEME 2:-INVESTIGATING MATTER			
	UNIT 2 GROUPING THINGS		
SUB-UNITS/TOPICS	OBJECTIVES Students should be able to:	NUMBER OF TEACHING SESSIONS	
<b>2.1</b> Why Things Are Grouped	<ol> <li>Give reasons why it is useful to group things.</li> <li>Observe objects and classify them in a number of different ways giving reasons for each grouping.</li> <li>Record the criterion used for a given grouping.</li> </ol>	1	
	1. Observe living things and list their characteristics.	2	
<b>2.2</b> Grouping things into Living and Non-Living	<ol> <li>Classify things as living or non- living and give reasons.</li> <li>Identify ways for caring for living or non- living in the school environment.</li> </ol>	1 1/2	
	4. List some examples of plant parts moving in response to external stimulus.	1/2	
<b>2.3</b> Grouping Living Things into Plants and Animals	<ol> <li>Classify a group of living things as plant and animals, and give reasons</li> </ol>	1	
	<ol> <li>Observe plants and animals and describe the main differences between them.</li> </ol>	1	
2.4 Grouping Plants	<ol> <li>Classify plants into those that produce flowers and those that do not.</li> </ol>	1/2	

	2. Identify and list a variety of plants that bear flowers and fruits.	
	3. Classify flowering plants into monocotyledons and dicotyledons.	1
	1. Classifying animals into vertebrates and invertebrates.	1/2
2.5 Grouping Animals	2. Identify and describe the five sub-groups of vertebrates.	1 1⁄2
	3. Identify and describe all the sub-groups of invertebrates.	2
<b>2.6</b> Grouping Non- Living into Solids, Liquids and Gases	1. Describe the characteristics of solids, liquids and gases in terms of particle spacing, shape and volume and give examples.	2
	<ol> <li>Classify living and non-living things (at room temperature) as solids, liquids and gases.</li> </ol>	1/2
	3. Carry out demonstrations of changes of state.	1
	4. Observe and identify the changes in state of various substances	1
	5. Describe the processes involved in the water cycle	1
	6. Draw diagram to illustrate the water cycle.	Home work

<u>NOTES:</u>

	THEME 3:-LIVING SYSTEMS	
	UNIT 3 LIVING THINGS AND HOW THEY REPRODUCE	
SUB-UNITS/TOPICS	OBJECTIVES Students should be able to:	NUMBER OF TEACHING SESSIONS
<b>3.1</b> Gross Structure	<ol> <li>Identify the root, stem, leaf and flowers as the main parts of a flowering plant.</li> </ol>	1/2
and Function of	2. State a main function for each part of the following plant.	1
Flowering Plants	3. Draw and label a simple diagram of a flowering plant	1/2
	4. Suggest ways in which plants are important to the environment	1
3.2 Structure and	1. Name the parts of a flower	1/2
Function of Floral parts	2. Describe the function of each part of a flower	1
	3. Draw and label a diagram of a flower	1/2
	<ol> <li>Name the reproductive organs of a flowering plant and the function of each part</li> </ol>	1½
<b>3.3</b> Sexual Reproduction in	<ol> <li>State that pollen contains the male cell of the flower and ovule has female cells.</li> </ol>	1/2
Flowering Plants	3. Describe the processes of pollination	1
	4. Explain fertilization	1
	5. State what is a seed and how fruits develop from ovary	1/2

	6.	Explain why some fruits have one seed while others have many seeds	1/2
	7.	Draw and label longitudinal section of a flower	2
	1.	Identify and list some plants that can reproduce without making seeds.	1/2
<b>3.4</b> Reproduction Without Seeds	2.	Describe some ways in which new plants can be grown without seeds.	2
	3.	Perform a simple activity to illustrate reproduction without seeds.	Home work
	1.	Identify the main parts of a seed.	1
	2.	Draw labelled diagrams to illustrate the internal and external feature.	2
	3.	Classify seeds as monocotyledons and dicotyledons.	1/2
<b>3.5</b> Seed Structure and Germination	4.	Perform experiments to determine the conditions for a seed to germinate and grow into a seedling.	2
	5.	Plan and design experiments to determine the conditions for a seed to germinate and grow into a seedling.	Home work
	6.	Discuss the conditions for a seed to germinate and grow into a seedling.	1 ½
	1.	Recognise that humans show changes in proportion as they grow.	1/2
<b>3.6</b> Sexual Maturity and Reproduction in Humans	2.	Differentiate between changes in male and female during early adolescence.	2
	3.	Identify the main parts of the male and female reproductive systems.	1
	4.	State the functions of the main parts of the male and female reproductive systems.	2

5.	Explain the process of sexual reproduction in humans.	1
6.	Define puberty and adolescence.	1/2
7.	List and explain the main changes that occur during the menstrual cycle and the importance of personal hygiene.	2
8.	Draw bar charts to represent data collected on height measurements.	Home work

<u>NOTES:</u>

	THEME 4:-HEALTHY LIVING	
	UNIT 4 RESPONSIBLE LIVING	
SUB-UNITS/TOPICS	OBJECTIVES Students should be able to:	NUMBER OF TEACHING SESSIONS
4.1 Sexually	<ol> <li>Name some sexual transmitted diseases and their main symptoms.</li> </ol>	2
Transmitted Diseases	2. Discuss the importance of responsible sexual behaviour.	2
	1. Distinguish between useful drug and harmful drugs.	1
<b>4.2</b> Drug – Use and	<ol><li>State that some useful drugs can have a harmful effect it used in excess.</li></ol>	2
Abuse	3. Cite examples of bad drugs habits.	1
	<ol> <li>Discuss the effects of drugs abuse on the human body and on the society.</li> </ol>	2
<u>NOTES:</u>		

	THEME 5:-ENERGY AND LIFE	
UNIT 5 ENERGY		
SUB-UNITS/TOPICS	OBJECTIVES Students should be able to:	NUMBER OF TEACHING SESSIONS
	1. State what is meant by energy.	1
	<ol><li>State the forms of energy give an example and say how it is used.</li></ol>	2
<b>5.1</b> Forms Of Energy	3. Observe and identify the energy conversions occurring in some simple devices and common activities.	2
and Energy Conversion	4. State that all energy conversion results in some of the energy being lost or wasted.	2
	5. Describe complex systems in which energy conversion occur.	2
	6. Distinguish different types of energy sources and classify these as renewable and non- renewable.	1
5.2 The Sun as the	1. List and discuss some other uses of the sun's energy.	1
Source of Energy	2. Discuss some harmful effects of the sun's energy.	1
<b>5.3</b> Fuel and their Uses	1. Define fuel	1
in Home, Community,	2. Classify various substances as fuels.	1
Industry and Nation	3. Describe how petroleum was formed and how it is used.	2

<b>5.4</b> Energy Conservation in the Home and Community	<ol> <li>Identify several ways in which energy use can be reduced in the home and community.</li> </ol>	1	
	THEME 6:-THE UNIVERSE AND THE EARTH'S RESOURCES		
	UNIT 6 OUR PLACE IN THE UNIVERSE		
SUB-UNITS/TOPICS	OBJECTIVES Students should be able to:	NUMBER OF TEACHING SESSIONS	
	<ol> <li>State that the universe contains millions of galaxies and that each of these contains millions of stars.</li> </ol>	1	
<b>6.1</b> Our Place in the Universe	<ol><li>State that some of these stars have associated planets that orbit them</li></ol>	1	
Universe	3. Distinguish amongst stars, planets and natural satellites	2	
	4. Infer the relationship between the sun and the planets in this solar system.	2	
	1. List the planets that make up our solar system	1	
	2. List and compare the major characteristics of the planets	1	
6.2 Earth and the Solar	3. State that some stars have associated planets that orbit them.	1	
System	<ol> <li>Relate the special characteristics of planet earth to its suitability for allowing living things to exist.</li> </ol>	2	
	5. Make models of the solar system	Home work	